

Subscripts & Superscripts

Add a single character subscript using the `_` button.

x_6	<code>x_6</code>	r_0	<code>r_0</code>	$c_1 \leq c_2$	<code>c_1 \leq c_2</code>
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Add a subscript with more than one character using the `_` button and putting the subscript in `{ }`.

x_{20}	<code>x_{20}</code>	$\sum_{0 < x < 100}$	<code>\sum_{0 < x < 100}</code>	$\bigcup_{s \in S}$	<code>\bigcup_{s \in S}</code>
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Add a superscript the same way you add a subscript, except using the `^` button instead of `_`.

x^4	<code>x^4</code>	x^{2a}	<code>x^{2a}</code>	$a^{2^{10}}$	<code>a^{2^{10}}</code>
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You can add both subscripts and superscripts to the same character. It does not matter what order you apply the subscript and superscript.

x_0^2	<code>x_0^2</code>	x^2_0	<code>x^2_0</code>	$\sum_{i=1}^{100}$	<code>\sum_{i=1}^{100}</code>
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To have the subscript and superscript appear slightly separated, add the empty `{ }` brackets before you add the second script.

x_0^2	<code>x_0^2</code>	x^2_0	<code>x^2_0</code>	t_{ab}^{cd}	<code>t_{ab}^{cd}</code>
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